

# Oxfordshire Uncovered

## Second edition, 2023

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## References

### Page 1 – Introduction

***Charities have increased demand for their vital services combined with increased running costs and decreased giving:***

UK Giving Report 2023 (2023) Charities Aid Foundation. p.5, available at: <https://www.cafonline.org/about-us/publications/2023-publications/uk-giving-report> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

### Page 2 - Oxfordshire and its communities

***725,300 people live in Oxfordshire:***

England and Wales Census 2021 (2022) Census - Office for National Statistics. Available at: <https://www.ons.gov.uk/visualisations/customprofiles/build/#E10000025> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

***Population increased by 11% since 2011:***

Oxfordshire Insight (2023) JSNA 2023 Full Report | Oxfordshire Insight. P.26, available at: <https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/jsna-2023-full-report> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

***22% are disabled or have a long-term health condition:***

Oxfordshire Insight (2023) JSNA 2023 Full Report | Oxfordshire Insight. P.12, available at: <https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/jsna-2023-full-report> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

***40% live in small towns and villages:***

Oxfordshire Insight (2023) JSNA 2023 Full Report | Oxfordshire Insight. P.22, available at: <https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/jsna-2023-full-report> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

***Primary schools in Oxford have over 100 different first languages:***

Oxfordshire Insight (2022) JSNA 2022 Full Report | Oxfordshire Insight. P.10, available at: [https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/system/files/documents/JSNA2022\\_Full\\_Oct22.pdf](https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/system/files/documents/JSNA2022_Full_Oct22.pdf) (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

***35% live in rented accommodation:***

England and Wales Census 2021 (2022) Census - Office for National Statistics. Available at: <https://www.ons.gov.uk/visualisations/customprofiles/build/#E10000025> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

***18% are aged over 65:***

England and Wales Census 2021 (2022) Census - Office for National Statistics. Available at: <https://www.ons.gov.uk/visualisations/customprofiles/build/#E10000025> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

***23% are from an ethnic minority background:***

England and Wales Census 2021 (2022) Census - Office for National Statistics. Available at: <https://www.ons.gov.uk/visualisations/customprofiles/build/#E10000025> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).



**Charity sector in Oxfordshire consists of 2,860 organisations and has an income of over £1billion. Vast majority of them are micro or small organisations:**

UK Civil Society Almanac 2022 (2022) NCVO. Available at: [https://www.ncvo.org.uk/documents/311/uk\\_civil\\_society\\_almanac\\_2022\\_data\\_tables.xlsx](https://www.ncvo.org.uk/documents/311/uk_civil_society_almanac_2022_data_tables.xlsx) (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

### Page 3 – A tale of two counties

**One in six children live in poverty:**

Children in low income families: Local Area Statistics, financial year ending 2022 (2022) GOV.UK. Available at: <https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/children-in-low-income-families-local-area-statistics-2014-to-2022/children-in-low-income-families-local-area-statistics-financial-year-ending-2022#england> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**N.B.** Relative low-income [poverty] is defined as a family whose equivalised income is below 60 per cent of contemporary median income. Gross income measure is Before Housing Costs (BHC) and includes contributions from earnings, state support and pensions.

**People living in the most deprived areas of the county tend to die 12 years earlier than those in affluent areas:**

Oxfordshire Insight (2023) JSNA 2023 Full Report | Oxfordshire Insight. P.18, available at: <https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/jsna-2023-full-report> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**48,000 people in Oxfordshire say they often or always feel lonely:**

Loneliness rates and well-being indicators by local authority (2021) Loneliness rates and well-being indicators by local authority - Office for National Statistics. Available at: <https://www.ons.gov.uk/peoplepopulationandcommunity/wellbeing/datasets/lonelinessratesandwellbeingindicatorsbylocalauthority> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**Around 1,800 households are made homeless in Oxfordshire each year:**

Oxfordshire Insight (2023) JSNA 2023 Full Report | Oxfordshire Insight. P.230, available at: <https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/jsna-2023-full-report> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**Poverty and deprivation affect childhood wellbeing, educational attainment, risk of disease, obesity levels, mental health, likelihood of drug abuse and imprisonment, exposure to violence and overall social mobility:**

Wilkinson, R.G. and Pickett, K.G. (2010) The spirit level: Why equality is better for everyone. London: Penguin Books.

### Page 4 – Building a better future through philanthropy

n/a

### Page 5 – The difference your gift can make

n/a

### Page 6 – Unaffordable essentials

**Oxford residents spend on average half of their income on rent:**

UK rental market statistics - 2021 report (2021) InventoryBase. Available at: <https://inventorybase.co.uk/blog/uk-rental-market-statistics-2021/> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**On any one night in Oxfordshire during 2022 it is estimated that there were over 400 homeless people across the county, including 160 children:**

Research: Homelessness in England 2022 (2023) Shelter England. Available at: [https://england.shelter.org.uk/professional\\_resources/policy\\_and\\_research/policy\\_library/research\\_homelessness\\_in\\_england\\_2022](https://england.shelter.org.uk/professional_resources/policy_and_research/policy_library/research_homelessness_in_england_2022) (Accessed: 01 November 2023).



**People who are homeless in England and Wales die on average 30 years younger:**

Oxfordshire Insight (2023) JSNA 2023 Full Report | Oxfordshire Insight. P.229, available at: <https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/jsna-2023-full-report> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**Rental in Oxford is 50% higher than average:**

Lewis, C. (2022) Private Rental Market Summary Statistics in England: April 2021 to March 2022, Private rental market summary statistics in England - Office for National Statistics. Available at: <https://www.ons.gov.uk/peoplepopulationandcommunity/housing/bulletins/privaterentalmarketsummarystatisticsinengland/april2021tomarch2022> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**County house prices are 31% higher than average:**

Office for National Statistics (ONS), released 15 February 2023, ONS website, statistical bulletin, UK house price index: December 2022. Available at: <https://www.ons.gov.uk/economy/inflationandpriceindices/bulletins/housepriceindex/december2022> (Accessed: 01 November 2023)

**Page 7 – Unaffordable essentials****8% of Oxfordshire households live in fuel poverty:**

Oxfordshire Insight (2023) JSNA 2023 Full Report | Oxfordshire Insight. P.12, available at: <https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/jsna-2023-full-report> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**Witney Food Bank was 50% busier in October 2022 than the same period in 2021:**

Perry, S. (2022) Food banks in Oxfordshire seeing unprecedented rise in demand as people struggle, Oxford Mail. Available at: <https://www.oxfordmail.co.uk/news/23116888.oxfordshire-increasing-demand-food-banks-county/> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**Page 8 – Poor health****105,482 adults in Oxfordshire have a long-term illness or disability:**

Oxfordshire Insight (2023) JSNA 2023 Full Report | Oxfordshire Insight. P.12, available at: <https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/jsna-2023-full-report> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**Estimated 320 deaths caused by fine particulate air pollution in Oxfordshire:**

JSNA bitesize - Oxfordshire County Council (2023) JSNA Bitesize - Air Quality and Health. Available at: [https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/system/files/documents/JSNA\\_Bitesize\\_AirQuality\\_Apr2023.pdf](https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/system/files/documents/JSNA_Bitesize_AirQuality_Apr2023.pdf) (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**Obese children and adolescents are around 5 times more likely to be obese in adulthood:**

Azhar, A. 2022-23 Oxfordshire County Council Director of Public Health annual report, Oxfordshire County Council. Available at: <https://www.oxfordshire.gov.uk/residents/social-and-health-care/public-health-and-wellbeing/public-health-annual-report> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**Oxfordshire figures show 20% of reception children, 34% of Year 6 children and 58% of adults are overweight or obese:**

Azhar, A. 2022-23 Oxfordshire County Council Director of Public Health annual report, Oxfordshire County Council. Available at: <https://www.oxfordshire.gov.uk/residents/social-and-health-care/public-health-and-wellbeing/public-health-annual-report> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**Page 9 – Poor health****Air pollution in Oxford stunts lung growth in children by 14%:**

Oxfordshire Insight (2023) JSNA 2023 Full Report | Oxfordshire Insight. P.261, available at: <https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/jsna-2023-full-report> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**Self-harm is most prevalent in Greater Leys, Barton, Littlemore, Rose Hill, Blackbird Leys and Didcot South East:**

Oxfordshire Insight (2023) JSNA 2023 Full Report | Oxfordshire Insight. P.106, available at: <https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/jsna-2023-full-report> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).



**81,177 adults diagnosed with depression in Oxfordshire:**

Oxfordshire Insight (2023) JSNA 2023 Full Report | Oxfordshire Insight. P.104, available at: <https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/jsna-2023-full-report> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**290 emergency detentions under the Mental Health Act across Oxfordshire:**

Oxfordshire Insight (2023) JSNA 2023 Full Report | Oxfordshire Insight. P.314, available at: <https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/jsna-2023-full-report> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**545 children and young people admitted to hospital for self-harm in Oxfordshire in 2022:**

Oxfordshire Insight (2023) JSNA 2023 Full Report | Oxfordshire Insight. P.12, available at: <https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/jsna-2023-full-report> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**24% of 15-year-olds say they have taken drugs in the last year:**

Oxfordshire Insight (2023) JSNA 2023 Full Report | Oxfordshire Insight. P.154, available at: <https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/jsna-2023-full-report> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**Hospital admissions for the use of drugs peak between the ages of 25 and 34:**

Oxfordshire Insight (2022) JSNA 2022 Full Report | Oxfordshire Insight. P.10, available at: [https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/system/files/documents/JSNA2022\\_Full\\_Oct22.pdf](https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/system/files/documents/JSNA2022_Full_Oct22.pdf) (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**Only 1.7% of green space in Oxfordshire is accessible to all:**

Local Insight (2023) Oxfordshire area profile report. Available at: <https://local.communityinsight.org/> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

## Page 10 – Loneliness and fear

**One in five older people live in rural districts, compared to one in ten in Oxford city:**

Oxfordshire Insight (2023) JSNA 2023 Full Report | Oxfordshire Insight. P.26, available at: <https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/jsna-2023-full-report> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**35,000 over 65s live alone in Oxfordshire:**

England and Wales Census 2021 (2022) Census - Office for National Statistics. Available at: <https://www.ons.gov.uk/census> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**88% of Oxfordshire's victims of rogue traders are vulnerable older people:**

Oxfordshire Strategic Intelligence Assessment 2022. | Oxfordshire Insight. P.35, available at: <https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/2022-oxfordshire-strategic-intelligence-assessment> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**N.B.** A vulnerable older person is defined as being age 65 or older.

**Loneliness is as damaging to our health as smoking 15 cigarettes a day:**

Holt-Lunstad, J., Smith, T. B., Baker, M., Harris, T., & Stephenson, D. (2015). Loneliness and Social Isolation as Risk Factors for Mortality: A Meta-Analytic Review. *Perspectives on Psychological Science*, 10(2), 227-237. Available at: <https://doi.org/10.1177/1745691614568352> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**In 2021, total recorded crime was over 2.5 times more prevalent in the most income-deprived 20% of areas compared with the least income-deprived 10% in Oxfordshire:**

Oxfordshire Strategic Intelligence Assessment 2022. | Oxfordshire Insight. P.65, available at: <https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/2022-oxfordshire-strategic-intelligence-assessment> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

## Page 11 – Loneliness and fear

**Figures for domestic abuse, sexual assault and rape continue to rise in Oxfordshire:**

Oxfordshire Strategic Intelligence Assessment 2022. | Oxfordshire Insight. P.20, available at: <https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/2022-oxfordshire-strategic-intelligence-assessment> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).



**Violence and sexual offences are 3.6 times more prevalent in the most deprived areas of Oxfordshire:**

Oxfordshire Strategic Intelligence Assessment 2022. | Oxfordshire Insight. P.65, available at: <https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/2022-oxfordshire-strategic-intelligence-assessment> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**The emergency evacuation of Afghans in 2021 resulted in about 250 people put up in local hotels; 100 have now been resettled here under official programmes. Approximately 2,400 Ukrainians fleeing the war arrived between 2022 and 2023:**

Goldring, M. (2023). Director, Asylum Welcome [email]

**Around 700 people [asylum seekers] are in accommodation across the county awaiting a decision on their claim:**

Goldring, M. (2023). Director, Asylum Welcome [email]

**10.4% of Oxford city households have no-one speaking English as their main language:**

England and Wales Census 2021 (2022) Census - Office for National Statistics. Available at: <https://www.ons.gov.uk/census> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**24% of adults in Oxfordshire say they always or often feel lonely:**

Oxfordshire Insight (2023) JSNA 2023 Full Report | Oxfordshire Insight. P.274, available at: <https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/jsna-2023-full-report> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**Page 12 – Lack of opportunity****One in six children in Oxford is living in poverty – one in nine across the county:**

Oxfordshire Insight (2022) JSNA 2022 Full Report | Oxfordshire Insight. P.219, available at: [https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/system/files/documents/JSNA2022\\_Full\\_Oct22.pdf](https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/system/files/documents/JSNA2022_Full_Oct22.pdf) (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**N.B.** Relative low-income [poverty] is defined as a family whose equivalised income is below 60 per cent of contemporary median income. Gross income measure is Before Housing Costs (BHC) and includes contributions from earnings, state support and pensions.

**35% of primary school children in Oxfordshire do not reach the standard in reading, writing and maths:**

Oxfordshire Insight (2022) JSNA 2022 Full Report | Oxfordshire Insight. P.248, available at: [https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/system/files/documents/JSNA2022\\_Full\\_Oct22.pdf](https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/system/files/documents/JSNA2022_Full_Oct22.pdf) (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**N.B.** Data refers to the expected standard at Key Stage 2 [age 10 and 11] in reading, writing and mathematics set by the Department for Education.

**14% of working-age people in Oxfordshire have no qualifications:**

England and Wales Census 2021 (2022) Census - Office for National Statistics. Available at: <https://www.ons.gov.uk/census> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**N.B.** no qualifications are defined as not having any GCSEs at any grade or equivalent, or any other higher qualifications.

**14% of 2-year-olds in Oxfordshire do not reach a good level of development:**

Oxfordshire Insight (2022) JSNA 2022 Full Report | Oxfordshire Insight. P.13, available at: [https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/system/files/documents/JSNA2022\\_Full\\_Oct22.pdf](https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/system/files/documents/JSNA2022_Full_Oct22.pdf) (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**N.B.** This is measured as part of the Healthy Child Programme (HCP) in the UK, children have a health and development review at the age of 2-2.5 years. This is carried out by the health visitor. The two-year review aims to optimise child development and emotional well-being and reduce inequalities in outcome. For more information see <https://patient.info/doctor/two-year-child-development-check>



**GCSE attainment in Cherwell is below the national average:**

Oxfordshire Insight (2023) JSNA 2023 Full Report | Oxfordshire Insight. P.241, available at: <https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/jsna-2023-full-report> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**Young people classified as 'not in education, employment or training (NEET) in the city is the highest in the county:**

Oxfordshire Insight (2023) JSNA 2023 Full Report | Oxfordshire Insight. P.244, available at: <https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/jsna-2023-full-report> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**Only 9% of learning-disabled adults in Oxfordshire are in employment:**

Oxfordshire Insight (2023) JSNA 2023 Full Report | Oxfordshire Insight. P.205, available at: <https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/jsna-2023-full-report> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

## Page 13 – Lack of opportunity

**8% of children in Oxfordshire live in absolute low-income families:**

Department for Work and Pensions (2023) Children in low-income families: Local Area Statistics 2014 to 2022, GOV.UK. Available at: <https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/media/641c5cdb5155a200136ad550/children-in-low-income-families-local-area-statistics-2014-to-2022.ods> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**N.B.** Absolute low income is defined as people living in households with income below 60% of median income in a base year, usually 2010/11. This measurement is adjusted for inflation.

**5% of young people describe their generations outlook as "frightening":**

Princes Trust. (2022, October). Class of COVID report 2022. Available at [https://documents.princes-trust.org.uk/Document\\_TheClassofCovid\\_Report.pdf](https://documents.princes-trust.org.uk/Document_TheClassofCovid_Report.pdf) (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**It is estimated that up to 40,000 people in Oxfordshire are not online:**

England and Wales Census 2021 (2022) Census - Office for National Statistics. Available at: <https://www.ons.gov.uk/businessindustryandtrade/itandinternetindustry/bulletins/internetusers/2020> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**15% of disabled people have never been online compared to 3% of non-disabled people:**

England and Wales Census 2021 (2022) Census - Office for National Statistics. Available at: <https://www.ons.gov.uk/businessindustryandtrade/itandinternetindustry/bulletins/internetusers/2020> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**Around 30,000 people aged 75+ in Oxfordshire have never used the internet:**

Age UK (2023) Facts and figures about digital inclusion and older people. Available at: <https://www.ageuk.org.uk/globalassets/age-uk/documents/reports-and-publications/reports-and-briefings/active-communities/policy-briefing---facts-and-figures-about-digital-inclusion-and-older-people.pdf> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

**N.B.** Oxfordshire figure is calculated based on the UK-wide percentage of non-users aged over 75.

**In 2022 there were 332 care leavers in Oxfordshire, of which 45% were not in education, employment or training:**

Oxfordshire Insight (2023) JSNA 2023 Full Report | Oxfordshire Insight. P.326, available at: <https://insight.oxfordshire.gov.uk/cms/jsna-2023-full-report> (Accessed: 01 November 2023).

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